

АННОТАЦИИ И КЛЮЧЕВЫЕ СЛОВА
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ABSTRACT AND KEYWORDS

THE IMPORTANCE OF ALEXANDER III REFORMS FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF CONTEMPORARIES AND LAWYERS

Oleg Yu. Ananyin, Anna A. Bazulina, Alexander V. Zhulanov

Abstract. The period of the reign of Alexander III is considered in the light of the counter-reforms carried out by him and their significance for the state and law of Russia. The opinion of contemporaries and historians about Alexander III and his political activities is being studied. The analysis of these counter-reforms is carried out, as a result of which their strengths and weaknesses are revealed. It is concluded that the counter-reforms carried out are ambiguous and important.

Keywords: counter-reforms, Alexander III, liberalism, historians, zemstvo, judicial reform, conservatism, temporary validity.

PARADIGM OF THE MYTH PATTERN AS A SOCIAL REGULATOR AND ITS INTERPRETATION BY SCIENTIFIC SCHOOLS

Ruslan M. Akhmedov

Abstract. In the modern world, the next mythologized figurative forms are created, which are used as means of social regulation of public relations. To give the myth credibility and state significance, they are given state-legal properties. However, to date, the nature of the myth, its essence and purpose as a social regulator are not fully understood. The attempt to provide answers to this question was made by scientific schools of various fields of knowledge, based on archetypes that formed the content part of the concept under consideration.

Keywords: myth, traditions, scientific schools, state-legal phenomena, archetype.

WHAT COMPUTER CAN AND WHAT CAN NOT IN LAW ENFORCEMENT

Igor A. Gilev, Elena V. Trapeznikova

Abstract. Taking part in the discussion proposed by the journal «Russian Judge» (No. 11/2020), on the topic of a computer program for determining the measure of criminal punishment («Electronic scales of justice»), presented in the books of H.D. Alikperov [2; 3], the distribution of the roles of lawyers and programmers in the creation of software for law enforcement activities and misconceptions about the process of creating such programs are shown.

Keywords: law enforcement, legal proceedings, artificial intelligence, algorithm, computer program.

POLICE REFORM IN RUSSIA AT THE BEGINNING OF THE XX CENTURY

Sergey Yu. Grozin

Abstract. The issues of police reform in the Russian Empire at the beginning of the twentieth century are being considered. The organizational and legal foundations of the reform, which were not fully implemented in connection with the First World War and the October Revolution, are being analyzed. The study of this issue, speaking, rather, a short essay, will make it possible to understand the conceptual essence of these reforms in the field of the police function of the Russian state.

Keywords: police, reforms, gendarmes, provinces, Russian Empire, law and order, autocracy.

DOWRY: HISTORICAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

Sergey N. Groshev

Abstract. The issue of regulating family and marriage relations on dowry issues is considered in historical retrospect. In carrying out a historical and legal analysis, a number of conclusions and generalizations are made that clearly demonstrate the dowry in the form of a legal mechanism for protecting the property interests of a woman under the authority of her husband. The study of this issue, speaking, rather, a short essay, will make it possible to understand the femenological essence of the dowry as a legal institution.

Keywords: Prohiron, Eclogue, Ancient Rus, Russian Truth, Ancient Rome, Byzantium, spouses, marriage, dowry, patrimony, estate, inheritance, marriage contract.

METHODOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF ESTABLISHING THE MECHANISM OF AN ACCIDENT ASSOCIATED WITH HITTING A PEDESTRIAN

Pavel M. Murashev,

Abstract. The methodology and example of a modern expert assessment of the mechanism of a traffic accident when hitting a pedestrian are presented.

Keywords: Russian Federation, legislation, Federal Law of the Russian Federation «On State Forensic Activities in the Russian Federation» dated April 5, 2001, expert research, forensic examination, hitting a pedestrian, auto technical expertise, direct technical cause of an accident, the mechanism of an accident, road safety, technical qualification of drivers and pedestrians' actions.

INTERIOR MINISTRY UNDER THE SCEPTER OF THE «PEACEMAKER KING». P. I

Roman G. Oganesyán

Abstract. The activity of the Ministry of Internal Affairs during the period of counter-reforms is considered. During this period, the most significant projects and actions of the leadership of the Ministry of Internal Affairs were presented. It is noteworthy that government reform projects came directly from the top ministerial leadership. Conservative tendencies, increasing bureaucratization and professionalization of public life in Russia, have had a serious impact on the organizational and substantive aspects of the Ministry of Internal Affairs.

Keywords: Zemsky Sobor, Manifest, Ministry of internal Affairs, regulations, supervision.

THE PRINCIPLE OF SEPARATION OF POWERS AS A LEGAL PROBLEM

Vitaly G. Pakhomov

Abstract. Based on the analysis of the works of J. Lilburn, J. Locke, S. Montesquieu, J.J. Rousseau and other thinkers, recent publications and dissertation studies, the views and conclusions on the theory of the separation of powers as a legal problem are analyzed. **Keywords:** separation of powers, legislative power, executive power, judicial power, division of functions.

VICTIMOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF A CITIZEN'S SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY TO SOCIETY

Galina A. Prokopovich

Abstract. The level of victimization of citizens in society is examined depending on the social, political, economic, environmental, cultural, legal and moral changes taking place. Factors aggravating social tension in society are analyzed. The main directions of research of forms of social organization and communication are offered.

Keywords: law, freedom, victimization, socio-cultural processes, order.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A REGIONAL POLICE GUARD AND ITS REORGANIZATION AFTER THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION OF 1905–1907

Yuri V. Sidorkin

Abstract. The experience of the formation and reorganization of the county police guard in one of the most difficult periods of Russian history — the revolutionary upheavals of the early XX century. A wide range of theoretical and empirical sources are studied, including the latter — normative legal acts and archival materials, first introduced into scientific circulation. The revealed trends and patterns in the transformation of pre-revolutionary police institutions can be used as a theoretical basis for improving the modern organizational model of law enforcement agencies.

Keywords: police, district police guard, First Russian revolution 1905–1907, Russian Empire, gendarmerie, agrarian riots.

INNOVATION IN LAW: MODERN LEGAL TECHNOLOGIES IN THE CONTEXT OF DIGITAL REALITY. ARTICLE 1. THE CURRENT STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT OF INNOVATIONS IN LAW

Vladimir I. Chervonyuk

Abstract. Digitalization, technologization, robotization, development of artificial intelligence systems are interconnected, and in the latest conditions are interdependent quantities; the ever-increasing interactions between them significantly affect the legal life of modern society, the legal policy of the state, subordinate legal structures to their influence, form new legal practices, transform legal perception and legal behavior of communicating subjects, predetermine the need for innovative legal regulators.

In the twenty century legal technologies along with the function of rationalizing the behavior of social actors in the sphere of law are used to achieve large scale tasks of legal policy — introduction of new or redistribution of existing methods of legal regulation, design, testing and introduction of innovative legal regimes into the country's legal system, use of mechanisms for deregulation in the economy, transplantation of new types of procedural and control and Supervisory proceedings, systematization of large legislative arrays, and thus giving the law the necessary structure and systematic nature of action.

Innovative legal technologies are the production of a new product by means and techniques previously unknown to practice. In the context of the goals and objectives of digitalization, there is an urgent need for the wide use of «legal engineering» tools in various areas of public administration, in legislative and law enforcement activities, in the field of law enforcement and in the organization of legal behavior of direct legal users. The factor of the technosphere and the emerging digital reality not only changes the nature of law (and legal regulation), but also restructures the subject areas of legal science, affects their content and format of legal research. The sphere of scientific analysis involves new objects that had no analogues; the developed problems are completely subordinated to the needs of developing practice.

The proposed project compositionally covers nine articles united by a single concept, the object of analysis in which is the Innovative legal technologies.

In this regard, in relation to the cycles of law action developed by the legal doctrine — legal impact, perception of law, legal actions and legal order—an analysis of technologies for the use of Big data in legislation is proposed. The methodology and technologies of applying experimental legal regimes («regulatory sandboxes») in certain areas (zones, areas) of legal regulation are studied. Legal innovations in the field of deregulation, the introduction of «regulatory guillotine» mechanisms, etc. are highlighted. The analysis of the limits of technologization (and digitalization) is presented. The necessity of understanding the risks associated with digital technologies is proved. A justification of measures to counteract aggressive manifestations of the «digital environment» is proposed.

Keywords: technologization of legal activity, digitalization in law, digitalization of law, social and legal value of legal technologies, levels of application of legal technologies, «legal engineering», legislative technologies, technologies for coordinating interests in legislative activity, Big data technologies in legislation, technologies of advanced lawmaking, experimental legal regime, technologies for

creating «regulatory sandboxes», legislation on mandatory requirements, innovations in the field of deregulation, mechanisms of the «regulatory guillotine» methodology and technologies for assessing regulatory impact, parliamentary control over the implementation of laws, technologies for the perception of law, information and legal technologies, digitalization in law, «digital lawyer, «digital social Ombudsman», law enforcement technologies, technologies for the formation of legal (constitutional) orders, technologies for ensuring lawful behavior, technologies for restorative justice, electronic justice, predicative justice, digitalization of judicial proceedings, artificial intelligence systems in the field of environmental protection, neural network technologies, technologies for assessing the state of the socio-legal environment, the method of event analysis, the limits of technologization (and digitalization), «digital dictatorship», illegal invasion of privacy, the right to protect geolocation, criteria for the validity (admissibility) of digitalization in the law.

BASIC PROVISIONS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL LEGISLATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF AZERBAIJAN ON REFERENDUM

Khikmet Eyvazov, Dzheykhun Suleymanov

Abstract. Constitutional norms defining the fundamental principles of organizing and holding a referendum in the Republic of Azerbaijan are being considered. It is noted that in 2003 the Electoral Code was adopted in Azerbaijan, which also included the institution of a referendum along with the elections. Some researchers disagree with this position of the legislator, since the elections and the referendum are various institutions of democracy. In our opinion, despite the differences, considering that many organizational issues of preparation and conduct of elections and referendum coincide, in order to unify the legislation, it can be considered justified to include the institution of referendum in the Electoral Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan.

Keywords: democracy, legislation, people`s government, referendum.

PROBLEMS OF IDENTIFYING CORRUPTION-CAUSING FACTORS IN THE SALE OF MUNICIPAL LAND PLOTS TO CITIZENS AT A PREFERENTIAL COST

Vitaly V. Kopylov, Oleg M. Prokofiev

Abstract. Modern problems of anti-corruption organization in local self-government bodies of the Russian Federation are considered.. The facts are investigated when the heads of local self-government bodies, taking advantage of the imperfection of domestic legislation in the field of land use, sell municipal land plots to citizens at a reduced price for no actual reason. Several typical cases that have occurred in the Tver region are considered, when the administration of the municipality leases a plot of land to a citizen as a household plot of a personal subsidiary farm, and subsequently sells the leased plot to the tenant for a pittance. The reasons and consequences of these illegal acts are being studied.

Keywords: corruption in the local government of the Russian Federation, invalid (void) transactions.

IMMIGRATION AND RACIAL AND ETHNIC INEQUALITY: LATINOS IN THE UNITED STATES

Boris V. Nikolaev, Evgeniy N. Khazov

Abstract. Issues of modern US immigration policy, its influence on public opinion and political processes are considered. The main legislative acts, acts of presidential law-making, the results of opinion polls, statistical materials, judicial precedents in the field of immigration law and policy are analyzed. The study concluded the reasons and trends of immigration reform in the United States, identified its current and possible consequences both in terms of the situation of racial and national minorities, and in terms of the development of political processes in the modern United States.

Keywords: immigration, constitutional principle of equality, US law, racial and national discrimination, latinos.

FREEDOM OF CREATIVITY: THEORY AND PRACTICE (CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL ASPECT)

Anatoliy S. Prudnikov

Abstract. One of the fundamental values of society is revealed, which allows a person and a citizen to exercise their rights in accordance with the Constitution of the Russian Federation and the generally recognized principles and norms of international law.

Keywords: law, freedom, creativity, legislation, implementation, citizen, Constitution, international norms, activity, society, protection.

THE MAIN ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES TO ENSURE THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS OF MINORS IN RUSSIA

Vita V. Standetskaya

Abstract. The participation of internal affairs bodies in ensuring the protection of the constitutional rights and freedoms of minors in the territory of the Russian Federation is being considered. A brief description of the activities of the Juvenile Affairs Unit and the District Police Commissioners in this area is given.

Keywords: internal affairs bodies, minors, rights and freedoms, juvenile unit, neglect, homelessness, offenses.

FORMATION OF THE CONCEPT OF «CONSTITUTIONAL NAVIGATION» AND ITS ROLE IN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE LEGAL STATE INSTITUTE

Sergei O. Kharlamov, Sergei A. Egorov

Abstract. The approach to the formation of the concept of «constitutional navigation» is justified, its role in the implementation of the institution of the rule of law as the basis of the constitutional system is revealed. In connection with the introduction of significant amendments to the Constitution of the Russian Federation in 2020, the need arose to improve the legal regulation of the most significant areas of State and public life. In this context, the implementation of constitutional amendments using constitutional navigation mechanisms will solve a number of significant tasks described in the article.

Keywords: amendments to the Constitution of the Russian Federation, legal navigation, constitutional navigation, legislative process.

FEATURES OF COLLECTING A FINE IN THE CONTEXT OF THE SPREAD OF A NEW CORONAVIRUS INFECTION (COVID-19)

Natalia A. Ablyatipova, Anastasiya V. Shabnova

Abstract. Peculiarities of penalty collection during pandemic period are investigated and revealed. Approaches developed by judicial practice are analyzed, criteria for exemption from payment of a penalty are identified. Anti-crisis measures established by the state and the peculiarities of their application in practice are considered. An analysis of the established judicial practice on the issue of exemption of debtors from paying a penalty is given, on the basis of which conclusions are made on the grounds under which the nonfulfilling counterparty can be exempted from paying a penalty to the creditor.

Keywords: penalty, exemption from penalty collection, penalty reduction, coronavirus infection, COVID-19, pandemic, restrictive measures, anti-crisis measures.

LEGAL NATURE OF MONEY PLACED IN ACCOUNTS OF CREDIT ORGANIZATIONS

Svetlana B. Gladkova, Alina V. Nikishina

Abstract. Analyzed and structured the regulatory legal acts of the Russian Federation, Belarus and Kazakhstan, governing legal relations arising from the circulation of cash and non-cash money, in the context of placing them on the accounts of commercial banks.

The presentation of a number of claims in defense of violated rights of owners of money transferred to the bank is justified. **Keywords:** cash, non-cash money, money, ownership, bank, customer, bank account, lawsuit.

PENALTY FOR BREACH THE BUYER'S OBLIGATIONS IN INTERNATIONAL BUYING AND SELLING CONTRACTS

Raul S. Dzhinjolia, Roman V. Fedorov, Fedaa Haddad

Abstract. The article is intended to review the penalty for violation of the buyer's obligations in international sales contracts. It shows how the Hague International Convention and the United Nations Convention deal with penalties for the buyer's breach of its obligations. It is summarized whether they were the same as the penalties for violating the seller's obligations, or not. **Keywords:** convention, UN, sales contracts, international contracts, purchase and sale, penalty.

SOFTWARE LEGAL SUPPORT FOR THE DIGITALIZATION OF THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC SPHERE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION AS A DRIVER OF INNOVATIVE POLICY

Tatyana V. Deryugina, Agnessa O. Inshakova

Abstract. The problems of legal support for the transition of the EU economies to an innovative type of development are highlighted. It is noted that innovative processes are impossible without a digital transformation of the economy, which entails the need to create a new legal regulation. Problems of building a legal system at both the national and supranational levels are identified. Prospects for the development of EU legislation related to the development of digitalization of the socio-economic sphere are determined. **Keywords:** European Interstate Union, digitalization, legal regulation, framework programs, electronic transactions, cybersecurity.

PROBLEMS OF LEGAL REGULATION OF THE STATUS OF BANKRUPTCY COMMISSIONERS

Svetlana A. Ustimova, Ekaterina N. Rasskazova

Abstract. Based on the analysis of the current legislative requirements of the Russian Federation, the existing problems in the field of legislative regulation of the legal status of the arbitration manager operating in a bankruptcy situation of a legal entity were considered. The main approaches to the essence of the legal status of the arbitration manager are identified, as well as the main problematic aspects that prevent the effective participation of the arbitration manager in bankruptcy cases of organizations and the exercise of their powers in an appropriate manner, or have difficulties for persons interested in successfully resolving insolvency cases of organizations. Particular attention is paid to the formulation of approaches that would allow for a detailed, systematic, integrated study on the identification of problematic aspects of the regulation of the status of arbitration managers and the introduction of legislative changes in this field of civil law.

Keywords: bankruptcy, legal entity, bankruptcy commissioner, legal status, problem, contradiction.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RIGHT TO BUSINESS: TRADEMARK

Lyubov V. Scherbacheva

Abstract. The conducted research allows us to conclude that the relevance of a trademark lies in its registration, only if it is not just «not repeated», but also not «confusingly similar» to existing marks, p. 6 of article 1483 of the Civil Code of the Russian Federation. This means that the difference in one or two letters will not be enough, the new name from the point of view of the average buyer should be different from those that were registered earlier. It is noted that for small and medium-sized businesses, in this situation, the pledge of a trademark in a banking organization will be quite relevant. Low-budget and developing companies will traditionally have a special need for this institute.

Keywords: brand, intellectual property, trademark, franchise, commercialization, entrepreneurship, investment.

TAX LEGISLATION OF RUSSIA — 2020: THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER INSISTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH ARTICLE 3 OF THE TAX CODE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Nodari D. Eriashvili, Alexander I. Grigoriev

Abstract. The tax legislation of Russia is quite young — a child in comparison with the developed countries of Europe and the United States, and it would be possible to forgive the flaws in the legislation in terms of the design of certain norms, and even more so in the explanations of the financial and tax authorities, but the taxpayer or payer of insurance fees will not forgive because they will suffer in their own money when paying fiscal payments. When writing this article, we set ourselves the task of disclosing the legal problems that arise due to the imperfection of some rules of tax law, and their rather peculiar interpretation by financial and regulatory authorities.

Keywords: taxes, personal income tax, VAT, taxpayer, tax rates, the decision of the Constitutional Court of the Russian Federation, letter of the Ministry of Finance of Russia and FTS of Russia.

ACTIVITIES OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PROTECTION AND PROTECTION MARINE MAMMALS

Elena L. Vlasova, Olga V. Ustyantseva

Abstract. Marine mammals are subject to predatory and cruel treatment by humans. In a number of countries, the mechanism for protecting marine mammals at the state level is quite effective. The authors analyze the activities of foreign organizations of nongovernmental environmental organizations, whose main goal is to protect and preserve the ocean. The general directions implemented by such organizations for the protection and protection of marine mammals are identified. **Keywords:** marine mammals, protection, protection, organization, activity.

ANALYSIS OF AGRICULTURAL LEGAL RELATIONS AND TRENDS IN THE FORMATION OF THE FOOD POLICY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Natalia V. Osipova

Abstract. The main legal, social and economic problems of the agro-industrial complex of the Russian Federation are considered. A positive change in the economy and an improvement in the welfare of the population without modern agricultural development is unacceptable. The regulatory and legal framework of the agricultural industry is analyzed, the use of digital technologies in the agroindustrial complex, the influence of agro-industrial clusters on the development of agriculture, and public-private partnerships are investigated. A classification of the identified problems and the prospects for their elimination is proposed, taking into account the existing results in the field of agricultural development.

Keywords: agro-industrial complex, digital agriculture, agricultural law, food security, agricultural region.

TO THE QUESTION ABOUT THE LEGAL NATURE OF ILLEGAL TURNOVER OF PAYMENT FUNDS

David I. Aminov, Alexey B. Opokin

Abstract. Questions about the legal nature of illegal circulation of funds of payment are considered. A parallel is drawn between the corresponding nature of crimes such as counterfeiting money and other means of payment. It is noted that in spite of the fact that the legislator rightly singled out these crimes into separate norms, not all issues were sufficiently worked out.

Keywords: electronic means of payment, payment units, criminal encroachments, counterfeiting, securities.

PREVENTION OF OFFENSES BY STATE AUTHORITIES OF THE CONSTITUENT ENTITIES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION: SPECIFICITY, POSITIVE EXPERIENCE AND PROBLEMATIC ISSUES

Vladislav V. Vlasenko, Arkady V. Zherebchenko

Abstract. A fairly important subject of crime prevention in the Russian Federation is the regional authorities, endowed with the appropriate powers of an administrative and legal nature. Having their own legal basis in the field of crime prevention, they carry out a wide range of preventive measures that have their own specifics, due to the geographical, socio-demographic, political and economic characteristics of the region.

Keywords: prevention of offenses, prevention of offenses by state authorities of the constituent entities of the Russian Federation, interdepartmental commissions for the prevention of offenses, forms of preventive exposure, resocialization, social adaptation, assistance to victims of crime, sobering-up stations.

CRIMINAL LIABILITY FOR THREATS TO KILL OR CAUSE SERIOUS HARM TO HEALTH

Mevlud D. Davitadze, Grigory A. Maystrenko

Abstract. Based on the legal positions of the highest judicial authorities, the scientific and practical problems of qualifying a threat of murder or causing grievous bodily harm are analyzed

Keywords: threat, murder, causing serious harm to health, mental suffering, victim, victim, guilty, damage, doubt, qualification, set of crimes, reality of the threat.

TO THE PROBLEM OF THE INITIAL STAGE OF INVESTIGATION OF CRIMES RELATED TO THE FORGERY OF VIN CODES, STATE REGISTRATION LICENSE PLATES

Ersultan S. Ermekov

Abstract. A number of problems are considered at the initial stage of the investigation of criminal cases related to the forgery of VIN codes. Currently, the Republic of Kazakhstan has canceled the reconciliation of numbered units when they are removed from the register and re-registered. Due to the cancellation of vehicle unit reconciliation, there is a decrease in the registration of facts with fake vehicle VIN codes. However, there are more and more «double» cars with the same VIN code and state registration number plate (GRNZ) in the country. At the same time, the investigative situations at the initial stage of the investigation of this category of crimes and the ways of their investigation are considered.

Keywords: VIN code, unified register of pre-trial investigations(ERDR), cut, vehicle passport (PTS), vehicle registration certificate (SRTS).

THE ROLE AND IMPORTANCE OF FRAUD PREVENTION IN THE RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS BY THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

Tamara G. Kopeiko

Abstract. The role and importance of the internal affairs bodies in the prevention of fraudulent actions committed in the field of social security are considered. Based on the analysis, some measures aimed at optimizing the prevention of fraudulent crimes are proposed.

Keywords: fraud in receiving payments, crime prevention, prevention system, preventive accounting, legal statistics, social payments, district police commissioners, investigators, interrogators.

PROSPECTS FOR THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN COMBATING CORRUPTION

Nikolay A. Kuzmin

Abstract. Modern possibilities of using artificial intelligence in combating corruption are explored. The development of artificial intelligence system in various spheres of activity of our country and its relevance in the fight against corruption are considered. The tasks solved by the use of artificial intelligence in combating corruption are highlighted. The positive foreign experience in the use of artificial intelligence in the detection of corrupt practices is analyzed, and the problematic aspects of its use are touched upon as well. **Keywords:** corruption, artificial intelligence, anti-corruption, corruption crimes, tasks, internal affairs bodies.

COMPENSATION FOR HARM CAUSED BY FRAUD USING ELECTRONIC MEANS OF PAYMENT

Bulat E. Shavaleev

Abstract. Current statistical data on the state of crime in the Russian Federation indicate the formation of negative trends in the growth of the number of embezzlements associated with the misuse of electronic means of payment, in particular, in the form of fraud. The above-mentioned circumstances put on the agenda the problem of protecting the rights and legitimate interests of a person and a citizen by compensating for the harm caused by the above-mentioned crime. The regulatory legal basis for compensation for damage caused by fraud using electronic means of payment is being studied. A comparative legal study of the features of civil proceedings for compensation for damage caused and civil claims in the framework of criminal proceedings was conducted. The problems in the framework of the pre-trial procedure for compensation of harm to persons affected by theft using electronic means of payment were studied. Based on the results of the study, proposals are formulated within the framework of optimizing the activity of compensation for damage to persons affected by fraud using electronic means of payment.

Keywords: fraud, electronic means of payment, compensation for harm, losses

ELEMENTS OF COERCION IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

Ol'ga V. Volynskaya

Abstract. Certain problems of elements of the theory of criminal procedure law included in the content of the institution of coercion and their enforcement are considered.

Keywords: compulsion, criminal procedural law, legislation, inviolability, guarantee, compulsory influence.

SOME ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF INVESTIGATION OF CRIMES IN THE FIELD OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Vladimir V. Gonchar, Alla A. Orlova

Abstract. Issues of legal regulation of concepts in the criminal and criminal procedure legislation of the Russian Federation in relation to the qualification and investigation of crimes in the field of information technology are considered. Attention is drawn to the diversity of approaches to their naming, the need for a unified approach and the consolidation of the conceptual apparatus at the legislative level. The problems affecting objective statistical indicators are identified.

Keywords: conceptual framework, information and communication technologies, cybercrime, computer crimes, information, computer information, information technologies, crimes in the field of information technology.

THE ESSENCE AND CATEGORICAL LIST OF PROPERTY THAT CAN BE SEIZED IN PRE-TRIAL PROCEEDINGS IN CRIMINAL CASES

Dmitry A. Ivanov, Nadezhda V. Ukhanova, Irina V. Filatova

Abstract. A list of property that may be seized in pre-trial proceedings is being examined in order to compensate for the harm caused by the crime. It is noted that in the process of studying the sentences of the courts, facts have been established when, at the stage of ruling on the verdict, the courts do not always decide to apply for recovery for seized property. In some cases, they recognize civil plaintiffs' right to civil claims and refer the amount of damages to civil proceedings. The above deficiency arises from the lack of evidence in the criminal case, which fully confirms the legality of the arrest of objects to which this measure of procedural coercion can be applied. As a result, as a result, the interests of persons who have suffered criminal harm suffer, the deadlines for considering a civil lawsuit are delayed, and civil plaintiffs are forced to pay state duties.

Keywords: pre-trial proceedings, damage caused by a crime, measures of procedural coercion, seizure of property, investigator, inquirer, victim, civil plaintiff.

THE PROCEDURE FOR RECONCILIATION OF THE PARTIES IN THE CRIMINAL PROCESS: THE PLACE AND ROLE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Evgeny V. Korchago

Abstract. The effectiveness of some experimental mechanisms for reconciling the prosecution with the defense in criminal proceedings is analyzed by involving elements of artificial intelligence (AI) in the dialogue.

Keywords: criminal proceedings, reconciliation of the parties, human factor, minimization of the human factor.

ENSURING THE RIGHTS AND LEGITIMATE INTERESTS OF LEGAL PERSONS INJURED FROM CRIMES UNDER INVESTIGATION: A COMPARATIVE LEGAL ANALYSIS OF RUSSIA AND VIETNAM

Anna V. Skachko, Vo Kim Dung

Abstract. Problems related to the participation of legal entities affected by crimes in investigative actions during the preliminary investigation are considered through the prism of a comparative legal analysis of the criminal procedural laws of Russia and Vietnam. A study of the criminal procedure laws of Russia and Vietnam made it possible to analyze the problems of ensuring the rights and legitimate interests of a legal entity injured by crimes when conducting investigative actions, as well as suggest ways to resolve them. **Keywords:** victim, legal entity, investigative actions, inspection, interrogation, search, seizure, representative of the victim.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS: USING THE LATEST COMPUTER DEVELOPMENTS IN APPEAL AND CASSATION

Marina V. Sklyarenko

Abstract. Based on the analysis of modern law enforcement, the author proves that the connection of artificial intelligence (AI) to forensic control activities, both in appeal and in cassation, is a matter, albeit not of the very near, but our already foreseeable future. The main goals of including the potential of AI in legal proceedings are: optimization of the process, making it cheaper, accelerating, minimizing the negative aspects of the human factor.

Keywords: litigation, criminal proceedings, human factor, artificial intelligence (AI), appeals and cassation — a promising area for the use of AI, minimization of the human factor.

TOPICAL DIRECTIONS OF USING THE FACIAL RECOGNITION SYSTEM IN THE URBAN ENVIRONMENT IN ORDER TO IMPROVE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE EVIDENCE

Evgeniy A. Takmakov

Abstract. An intelligent facial recognition system used in the urban environment was analyzed. Preconditions necessary for its use, the statistics of use of the system, presents a technical algorithm of functioning of the system. The main functions of this system are analyzed, conclusions are drawn on their impact on ensuring public safety, improving the comfort of urban infrastructure. Special attention is paid to the characteristics of the algorithms of the functioning of this system, and therefore their significance for solving the above problems is determined. The main directions of further evolution of the functionality of this system are presented, which are due to the improvement of the ability to recognize the nature of behavioral activity of large masses of people. The existing problematic aspects related to the use of an intelligent facial recognition system and the possibility of using the obtained data in the course of criminal procedural evidence, as well as improving the effectiveness of the activities of competent state bodies and officials in the detection and investigation of crimes, are identified.

Keywords: globalization, urban environment, intelligent system, proof in criminal proceedings, detection and investigation of crimes, video recording, face recognition.

PROCEDURAL GUARANTEES FOR THE COMPLAINANT AS A PARTICIPANT IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS WITH UNCERTAIN CRIMINAL PROCEDURAL STATUS

Yulia A. Cherkasova

Abstract. Theoretical issues related to the problems of establishing the procedural status of the «applicant» were considered. The basic rights, duties and responsibilities of the applicant in criminal proceedings were analysed.

Keywords: complainant, participant in criminal proceedings, initiation of criminal proceedings, criminal proceedings, application.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN JUSTICE — THE FUTURE IS INEVITABLE

Nikita A. Kolokolov

Abstract. Indisputable successes in the field of computer (electronic) technologies have prompted some domestic and foreign experts in the field of criminal law and procedure (innovators) to hastily introduce them into criminal proceedings. The term «electronic justice» has appeared and has already managed to be established, professor H.D. Alikperov was able to register the «electronic justice» algorithm as an invention. Another, it should be admitted so far most of the proceduralists, do not share the optimism of innovators. We will try to sort out two problems: first, do the innovators take wishful thinking for reality; the second — that the day ahead prepares us.

Keywords: intelligence, artificial intelligence, legal proceedings, criminal law, criminal procedure, computer technologies in the field of criminal proceedings, present, future.

OUR OPINION: ONLY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WILL FORCE THE JUDGE TO JUSTICE

Sergey B. Polyakov

Abstract. This article is a response to the proposal in the magazine «Russian Judge» No. 11/2020 to continue the discussion on the software for solving the case by the judge in connection with the computer program presented in the books of Kh.D. Alikperov and intended to determine the measure of criminal punishment. The delusion of our opponents is criticized regarding the prospects for the computer to oust justice and soul from justice. It is proved that artificial intelligence, on the contrary, reanimates justice in justice, which is fading away due to the lack of professionalism of judges.

Keywords: legal proceedings, justice, fairness, factual circumstances of the case.

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF PROOF IN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS (BASED ON THE JUDICIAL PRACTICE OF MILITARY COURTS)

Vladislav E. Sanin, Evgeny P. Sanin

Abstract. Certain problems of proof that occur in the activities of military courts and other subjects of disputed legal relations in the framework of administrative proceedings are considered. Particular attention is paid to the practice of implementing the principle of evidentiary activity of the court in administrative proceedings.

Keywords: military personnel, military court, administrative proceedings, peculiarities of proof, evidentiary activity, burden of proof, judicial errors.

EXPERT ERRORS IN THE FIELD OF HANDWRITING

Yuliya Yu. Barbachakova

Abstract. The analysis of the expert opinions in the field of forensic handwriting examination, on the basis of which the conclusion about the lack of scientific validity and practical applications of the promising directions of handwriting research, the need for their classification, the latest and synthesis of existing knowledge in the field of handwriting.

Keywords: handwriting, scientific achievements, handwriting, handwriting research, handwriting expertise.

FOREIGN EXPERIENCE OF USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN SOLVING CRIMES

Ivan A. Zavyalov

Abstract. Modern methods of applying artificial intelligence technologies in the law enforcement activities of foreign countries, such as the United States, China, and the European Union, are analyzed. On the basis of the conducted analysis, proposals are made for the use of artificial intelligence systems and algorithms in law enforcement and operational-search activities of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation.

Keywords: crime detection, artificial intelligence, collection, storage and processing of information, analytical and predictive models, implementation of digital investigations, communication and interaction

THE ROLE OF PRECEDENCE IN THE INVESTIGATION OF CRIMES THAT ENCROACH ON PUBLIC RELATIONS RELATED TO THE FORMATION OF THE BUDGET

Yuriy G. Kleshchenko

Abstract. The sphere of budgetary legal relations is considered from the point of view of one of the criminalized sphere of economic relations. During the study, a definition of the sphere of budgetary relations was given, the author's vision of the prelude was proposed on the basis of an analysis of the legal and casual interpretation of the «prelude» given in art. 90 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Russian Federation and explanations of the highest courts, other court decisions. The conclusion was formulated on the difference between the precedence in criminal proceedings and the precedence in arbitration proceedings, the significance of administrative precedence was considered, the current version of art. 90 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Russian Federation was reasonably criticized. As a result of the study, a number of conclusions were drawn regarding the nature and significance of the precedence in investigating crimes that encroach on public relations related to the formation of the budget, namely: 1) on the need to amend the current version of art. 90 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Indicating how to evaluate and to what type of evidence the document will relate to the circumstances established by the award of the arbitral tribunal, and in indicating that decisions of courts conducting criminal proceedings, should not be based solely on decisions taken within the framework of civil society, arbitration or administrative proceedings, in the presence of other evidence, and must be considered on an equal basis with other evidence; 2) that administrative precedence will clearly distinguish between administrative offenses and crimes and can be considered as a way of decriminalizing certain crimes with the establishment of liability provided for in the Code of Administrative Offenses of the Russian Federation, etc. **Keywords:** precedence, administrative precedence, budgetary legal relations, criminal case, tax inspection act.

SOME FEATURES OF IDENTIFYING THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE COMMISSION OF PENITENTIARY CRIMES

Andrey A. Nuzhdin

Abstract. The increase in the number of recorded penitentiary crimes requires increased prevention. Attention is drawn to the need to make greater use of the possibilities of criminal procedure and forensic activities to identify the circumstances that contributed to the commission of penitentiary crimes. The peculiarities of this activity in correctional institutions and pre-trial detention centers are considered.

Keywords: crime, institution of the penitentiary system, convicted person, prisoner, circumstances that contributed to the commission of the crime.

WARNING IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES AS ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES

Venera N. Amelchakova, Galina N. Suslova

Abstract. The problematic issues of application of prevention as a measure of administrative punishment to business entities are considered.

Keywords: offence, administrative liability, punishment, prevention, business entities.

ON THE QUESTION OF THE CONCEPT AND ADMINISTRATIVE LEGAL PERSONALITY OF STRATEGIC JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES ON THE EXAMPLE OF RAILWAY TRANSPORT

Ekaterina A. Volkova

Abstract. The issues of the concept of strategic joint-stock companies are touched upon, and the specifics of this type of organizations as subjects of administrative law due to state participation are noted. The main distinctive features of strategic joint-stock companies are revealed on the example of Russian Railways.

Keywords: subjects of administrative law, administrative legal capacity, strategic joint stock companies, interaction with government bodies, railway transport.

PROBLEMS OF LEGAL REGULATION OF THE ISSUE OF «GREEN» BONDS IN RUSSIA

Natal'ya A. Geyt

Abstract. A new method of economic and legal regulation in the environmental and natural resource spheres, a way to reduce the risk of harm to natural objects, a modern model of financing measures to protect the environment and ensure the environmental safety of investment projects, which is the market of «green» bonds, is presented. «Green» bonds are considered as debt securities issued in order to increase the flow of funds to finance projects related to the preservation and improvement of the quality of the environment. The connection of this tool with the concepts of «the best available technologies» and «sustainable development» developed in the legislation is analyzed.

Keywords: green investment, green bonds, regulation, best available technology.

LEGAL REGULATION (LEGAL BASIS) OF PREVENTIVE ACTIVITIES OF PRECINCT POLICE OFFICERS

Mikhail S. Zhuravlev

Abstract. Legal regulation (legal basis) of preventive activity of district police commissioners is considered. Sources regulating the preventive activities of district commissioners have been identified. The directions of individual preventive activities of district commissioners with different categories of persons are listed.

As one of the problems, there is no established procedure for obtaining medical documents at the initiative of the district commissioner. To resolve it, it is proposed to make some changes to the Federal Law of November 21, 2011 No. 323-FZ «On the basics of protecting the health of citizens in the Russian Federation».

Also, the shortcomings of the legal regulation of the preventive work of district commissioners are considered as a problem.

In conclusion, some proposals are made to improve the legal regulation of the preventive activities of district police commissioners.

Keywords: district police officer, individual preventive work, improvement of legislation, mechanism of legal regulation, administrative and legal regulation, problems of preventive work of the precinct police officers.

FEATURES OF TEACHING ADMINISTRATIVE LAW IN DISTANCE LEARNING MODE (EXPERIENCE AND PROSPECTS)

Aleksandr A. Zatolokin

Abstract. The experience of conducting administrative and legal training in the distance learning mode is described. The impact of conducting classes using exclusively remote educational technologies on the quality of knowledge of trainees is investigated. It is concluded that it is advisable to use distance learning in the training of various categories of students.

Keywords: restrictive measures (quarantine), transition to distance learning, implementation of educational activities using exclusively remote educational technologies, administrative and legal disciplines, control of residual knowledge, the permissibility (expediency) of distance learning in the training of specialists.

INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENSES AND THREATS OF THEIR COMMITMENT AS A PROSPECTIVE WAY OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN LAW ENFORCEMENT

Andrey V. Potanin

Abstract. Certain issues of citizens' participation in law enforcement activities are considered by informing authorized officials of state bodies about offenses and threats to commit them. The ways of their possible solution are discussed.

Keywords: informing about offenses and threats of their commission, participation of citizens in the protection of public order, material incentives for the protection of public order, assistance of citizens to state law enforcement agencies

LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF MIGRATION IN THE SYSTEM OF NATIONAL LEGISLATION

Tatyana A. Prudnikova

Abstract. The role of legislation in the field of migration in the system of national legislation and ways to improve it are disclosed. **Keywords:** migration, legislation, foreign citizen, relations, state, regulation, migration policies.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND LEGAL ASPECTS OF THE IMPOSITION OF PUNISHMENT IN THE FORM OF ADMINISTRATIVE ARREST TO THE DRIVER OF A VEHICLE THAT LEFT THE SCENE OF AN ACCIDENT

Nikolay V. Rummyantsev, Maxim B. Kuznetsov

Abstract. The issues of application of administrative punishment measures for the commission of an offense under p. 2 of art. 12.27 of the Administrative Code of the Russian Federation. Judicial practice on the application of measures of administrative responsibility for leaving the scene of a traffic accident is being analyzed. The author's definition of «unintentional abandonment of a traffic accident» is proposed, which will solve a number of issues related to the prosecution of persons whose actions lack an objective side of the analysed offense.

Keywords: administrative punishment, administrative arrest, Administrative Code of the Russian Federation, deprivation of the right to drive a vehicle, road accident.

FINANCIAL LITERACY IN THE SYSTEM OF FORMING THE COMPETENCIES OF A GRADUATE OF A LAW SCHOOL OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA

Yuliya A. Lozina, Alexander N. Litvinenko

Abstract. The theoretical concepts of financial literacy are analyzed, the mechanism of implementation of the CC-10 in the course of training cadets in the framework of the Strategy for Improving Financial Literacy of the Russian Federation until 2023 and the 3rd generation Federal State Educational Standard is synthesized.

Statistical and empirical methods have revealed gaps in economic knowledge when police officers perform their tasks. It is shown that there is a relationship between the detection of financial crimes and the presence of a police officer with special knowledge in the field of economics and finance.

Keywords: financial literacy, economic culture, universal and professional competencies, economic crimes.

CONSUMER ECONOMIC AND ENERGY ANALYSIS AND ITS ROLE IN MANAGING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE OF ENERGY ENTERPRISES

Pavel N. Kosarev, Alexey A. Artemyev, Ivan F. Nepomnyaschikh

Abstract. The analysis of the concept of «accounts receivable» and the mechanism of its occurrence at enterprises selling goods and services is carried out. Attention is paid to the peculiarities of the functioning of energy enterprises that provide consumers with the most important resources for life support. Methods of formal logic are used, such as analysis, synthesis and interpretation. The main theoretical approaches and practical recommendations are being formed to improve not only the economic, but also the social efficiency of the work of energy enterprises with debtors. As a scientific novelty, the use of the method of economic and energy analysis is proposed, including the identification of opportunities for optimizing the use of energy resources by the consumer-debtor, followed by the development of energy-saving measures and the choice of a tariff plan for energy supply that is acceptable to the consumer.

Keywords: economic and energy analysis, energy enterprise, accounts receivable, financial sustainability, tariff policy, investment, management decision, social responsibility of business.

DETERMINING THE LEVEL OF DEPENDENCE OF PRODUCTS ON FOREIGN COMPONENTS USED

Pavel A. Kokhno, Alina P. Kokhno

Abstract. The problem of economic security of Russia in the conditions of the sanctions policy of the leading world states related to the implementation of the import substitution policy on the example of the electronic industry is being investigated. In these political conditions, as soon as possible, with the participation of the head executors of the state defense order, lists of products to be primarily replaced were developed, and the government began to actively allocate budget funds for the development of similar products at the facilities of the Russian military-industrial complex. This direction of development is being implemented today in the import substitution program. Effective planning of import substitution measures is impossible without a comprehensive assessment of the dependence of defense products on the use of foreign components in it. Therefore, the article proposes a consolidated coefficient (indicator) of the level of import dependence of items of electronic equipment from the electronic component base of foreign production used in them.

Keywords: military-industrial complex, electronic industry, import substitution, sanction policy, state defense order, effective planning, consolidated dependency level coefficient.

IMPROVING THE ACTIVITIES OF LAW ENFORCEMENT BODIES TO COUNTER SHADOW MIGRATION

Asya A. Kushhova, Nikolay P. Kupreschenko

Abstract. The issues of regulating the issues of shadow migration remain one of the key areas of ensuring national security both for Russia and for other countries that are faced with an increase in the activity of migration flows. The most important area of the work is to improve the activities of law enforcement agencies to counter illegal migration, as well as control over migration flows in general. The article provides an overview of modern solutions in this direction, as well as a number of recommendations for improving the work of law enforcement agencies of the Russian Federation in regulating migration policy.

Keywords: migration, migration flows, labor market, illegal migration, national security, labor migration, shadow migration, the Ministry of Internal Affairs, corruption, information technology.

DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL CLUSTERS AS A NECESSARY CONDITION

FOR ENSURING THE ECONOMIC SECURITY OF RUSSIA

Andrey V. Minakov, Svetlana B. Lapina

Abstract. The main approaches to the definition of industrial clusters, their role in the economy, as a necessary condition for ensuring the economic security of the country are summarized. The analysis of statistical data on industrial clusters in Russia, taking into account their impact on economic development, made it possible to identify areas for further development of industrial clusters. Due to the constant influence of external and internal factors, there is a need to revise the approach to support the development of industrial clusters as a necessary condition for ensuring economic security.

Keywords: cluster, industrial clusters, models of industrial clusters, economic security, industrial clusters of Russia.

ASSESSMENT OF HOUSEHOLDS DIGITALIZATION IN THE REGIONS OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ruslan R. Sadyrtdinov

Abstract. Digital transformation means the transition of society to digital technologies and the impact of these changes on all areas of life. Digital technologies permeate our daily lives and interactions in the 21st century. The aim of this work is to compile a ranking of the Russian regions by the level of digitalization of households for the period 2015–2018 using an integral index. The findings will make it possible to compare the digital activism of the population of the Russian regions with the quality of life in these regions. To distribute regions by the level of digitalization of households, indices of digital mobility, digital equality, digital economy, digital interaction were calculated and, as a result, the integral index of digitalization was constructed. The leader of the rating is the Yamalo-Nenets autonomous okrug, the outsider is the Republic of Dagestan. Among the ten leading regions, there are no representatives of the Siberian, Far Eastern and North Caucasian federal districts. Among the ten outsiders, there are no representatives of the Volga Federal District.

Keywords: digitalization, household, region, Russian Federation.

LABOR MARKET IN THE DIGITAL ECONOMY

Nelly V. Tskhadadze

Abstract. Advantages and disadvantages of influence of information technologies on labor market of Russia are considered. As part of the digitalization of the labor market, the demand and supply of labor is undergoing dramatic changes. The likelihood of an increase in unemployment associated with the active transformation of the labor market itself, in the context of the fourth industrial revolution, is a relevant topic for discussion. On the basis of the latest trends, the main professions in demand have been identified, the demand for which has been growing recently.

Keywords: labor market, digital economy, employment, unemployment, professions of the future, jobs, retraining of workers.

ANALYSIS OF RETURN ON ASSETS OF AN ENTERPRISE AS A TOOL FOR ENSURING ECONOMIC SECURITY OF AN ECONOMIC ENTITY

Vladimir I. Boboshko

Abstract. The relevance of studying the issues of ensuring the economic security of the enterprise is indicated by the changes that are currently taking place in the Russian and foreign markets, which confirms a number of internal and external factors. One of the tools for ensuring the security of an economic entity is the analysis of return on assets. The relevance of the research is explained by the need to mathematize the main performance indicators and efficiency of financial and economic activities of the enterprise. Profitability acts as the most important generalizing indicator of the degree of efficiency of the use of material, monetary, labor and other resources of an economic entity. Based on the profitability indicator, you can judge the financial capabilities of the enterprise and assess the financial risks associated with the deterioration of the indicator in dynamics. In this sense, the analysis of the return on assets of an enterprise is a powerful tool for improving the level of economic security of an economic entity.

Keywords: profitability, total assets, cost of capital, economic security of an economic entity.

THE PROBLEM OF DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR OF EMPLOYEES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES

Irina G. Elesina

Abstract. Problems of destructive behavior of internal affairs officers are investigated. Methods of analytical, deductive, comparative, statistical, retrospective analysis were used. The main determinants, signs, specifics of destructive behavior of internal affairs officers were revealed. Mandatory elements of the process of psychological correction of destructive behavior of internal affairs officers, necessary measures to prevent and minimize risks of formation of destructive deviations are indicated.

Keywords: destructive behavior, police officers, destructiveness, destructive types, prevention of destructive deviations.

PROPENSITY FOR VICTIMIZED BEHAVIOR OF YOUNG PEOPLE

Yuliya A. Malyushina, Olga B. Fedorova, Elena V. Milyukova

Abstract. On the basis of the theoretical analysis of the literature, psychodiagnostic methods, methods of mathematical statistics, the propensity to victim behavior in young people is studied. It was revealed that the student's tendency to victim behavior is expressed at the average level and is associated with the characteristics of the students' personality. The results of the study can be used in the practical activities of teachers, law enforcement officers, psychologists.

Keywords: aggression, victimhood, deviance, victim, conflict, self-esteem, self-affirmation.

THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS OF THE STUDY OF THE PHENOMENON OF EMOTIONAL BURNOUT IN WOMEN-MOTHERS

Ekaterina A. Nikitskaya, Olga M. Doroshenko

Abstract. The present article is devoted to the problem of research in a domestic and foreign psychology of emotional burnout of mothers. One of the most significant events in a woman's life is a childbirth. This event influences all spheres of a woman's personality. Motherhood as a psychological and pedagogical phenomenon is presented in researches of specialists in the context of two directions.

One direction considers this problem in terms of the organization by the mother of a safe, comfortable space of the environment that determines the comprehensive development of the child. The second direction defines the phenomenon of motherhood as a component of a woman's personality structure. The psychological behavior of a woman-mother is regulated by social and biological mechanisms, some of which are values and instincts. Under the influence of external and internal factors of motherhood can accumulate physical and psychological fatigue and, as a consequence, the development of a woman's emotional burnout.

Keywords: emotional burnout syndrome, motherhood, childhood, factors of emotional burnout.

CONCEPTUAL APPROACHES TO DEFINING THE PHENOMENON OF SERVICE LOYALTY

Asel A. Sarsenova

Abstract. The phenomenon of loyalty is considered, and the main provisions of the concept of «service loyalty» are substantiated, which differs in the parameters of normativity, obligation, duty and patriotism of the organization's employees. The general and distinctive characteristics of loyalty are traced, presented in various theoretical concepts, as well as the factors that determine the formation of loyal attitude of employees. The importance of service loyalty in providing moral and psychological training for law enforcement agencies is discussed. Particular attention is paid to the value aspects of service loyalty, which is due to the main content of this concept, which reflects the moral characteristics of the individual: loyalty, devotion, commitment to the goals of the profession, reliability in activities, which are relevant for the system of training and professional development of employees of internal affairs bodies. Based on the analysis of various theoretical definitions of loyalty, it has been established that the loyalty of employees of an organization in any professional field determines the effectiveness of the subjects and the effectiveness of solving operational problems. The essential characteristics of loyalty are discussed, which are formed psychological attitudes, stable individual psychological characteristics, and for employees of internal affairs bodies and professionally important qualities of a value-semantic orientation. The results of an analytical review of approaches to the study of personnel loyalty and service loyalty are presented, the works of domestic and foreign authors are summarized, the formation of loyalty in the process of development of the subject of activity from the moment of emotional involvement in the profession to the stage of professionalism is traced. The main provisions of the «affective», «attitudinal» and «behavioral» approaches to loyalty are analyzed, and an attempt is made to trace its

genesis by integrating different points of view. Within the framework of the discussion of the attitudinal approach, significant attention is paid to the analysis of the psychological attitude, as a phenomenon that determines the formation of the inner conviction of the personality of the employee of the organization and the value and moral orientation.

Keywords: service loyalty, organizational loyalty, professional activity, loyalty formation, loyal behavior.

ANTI-CRIMINAL SAFETY: SOCIO-PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECT

Anatoly N. Sukhov

Abstract. The concept of «anti-criminal security», its organization and activities with the help of socio-psychological technologies for preventing and overcoming criminal threats at various levels and areas, is considered. Criminal threats related to destructive conflicts, manipulative methods of influence, criminal communication, secondary asocialization of the person are revealed.

Keywords: anti-criminal security, criminal threats, destructive conflicts, manipulative techniques, criminogenic communication, secondary asocialization of the person, socio-psychological technologies of influence